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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 451

BY JUDICIARY, RULES AND ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE

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1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO THE JUVENILE CORRECTIONS ACT; AMENDING SECTION 20-502, IDAHO
3	CODE, TO DEFINE A TERM AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING
4	SECTION 20-532, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT A JUVENILE OFFENDER SHALL
5	APPEAR BEFORE THE CUSTODY REVIEW BOARD IN CERTAIN INSTANCES AND TO MAKE
6	TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 39-1202, IDAHO CODE, TO PRO-
7	VIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AND
8	DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

- Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
- SECTION 1. That Section 20-502, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 20-502. DEFINITIONS. When used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - (1) "Adult" means a person eighteen (18) years of age or older.
 - (2) "Assessment" means a comprehensive and individualized examination of the mental health, substance use, or other needs for a juvenile that typically results in treatment interventions and recommendations.
 - (3) "Commit" means to transfer legal custody.
 - (4) "Community-based program" means an in-home confinement program or a nonsecure or staff-secure residential or nonresidential program operated to supervise and provide competency development to juvenile offenders in the least restrictive setting, consistent with public safety, operated by the state or under contract with the state or by the county.
 - (5) "Court" means any district court within the state of Idaho or magistrate division thereof.
 - (6) "Custody review board" means the board created and authorized by law to review cases of juveniles in custody of the department.
 - (7) "Department" means the state department of juvenile corrections.
 - (78) "Detention" means the temporary placement of juvenile offenders who require secure custody for their own or the community's protection in physically restricting facilities.
 - (89) "Director" means the director of the department of juvenile corrections.
 - (910) "Diversion" means an alternative to formal prosecution of a juvenile offense. Diversion describes intervention approaches that redirect juveniles away from formal court processing in the juvenile justice system while applying the principles of the balanced approach and restorative justice. Diversion strategies take place at arrest, referral, intake, or prior to or after the filing of a petition and should provide the same array of services as formal court processing, except for detention. Diversion may be appropriate for low-risk or moderate-risk offenders as informed by results of a valid screening instrument.

(1 θ 1) "Judge" means a district judge or a magistrate.

- $(1\frac{1}{2})$ "Juvenile" means a person less than eighteen (18) years of age or who was less than eighteen (18) years of age at the time of any alleged act, omission or status.
- (123) "Juvenile correctional center" means any state-operated residential facility or facility operated pursuant to a contract with the state that provides twenty-four (24) hour supervision and confinement for juvenile offenders committed to the custody of the department.
- (134) "Juvenile detention center" means a secure facility established pursuant to sections 20-517 and 20-518, Idaho Code, and in compliance with IDAPA 05.01.02.
- (145) "Juvenile offender" means a person under the age of eighteen (18) years at the time of any act, omission or status and who has been adjudicated as being within the purview of this chapter.
- (156) "Legal custody" means the relationship created by the court's decree that imposes upon the custodian responsibilities of physical possession of the juvenile offender, the duty to protect, train and discipline him and to provide him with food, shelter, education and ordinary medical care.
- (167) "Legal guardian" means a person appointed as guardian of a minor under the laws of Idaho. For the purposes of this chapter, legal guardian does not include and shall not be construed to include the owner, or operator or the agent of an owner or operator of a detention center, observation and assessment center, secure facility, residential facility or other facility having temporary or long-term physical custody of the juvenile offender.
- (178) "Observation and assessment program" means any state-operated or purchased service program responsible for temporary custody of juvenile offenders for observation and assessment.
- (189) "Screening" means a brief process, typically using a validated tool to identify juveniles who warrant immediate attention, intervention, or a more comprehensive assessment. Screening tools help guide and identify juveniles who might be appropriate for diversion or who need comprehensive mental health or substance use assessments.
- (1920) "Secure facility" means any architecturally secure residential facility that provides twenty-four (24) hour supervision and confinement for juvenile offenders committed to the custody of the department.
- (201) "Staff-secure facility" means a nonarchitecturally secure residential facility with awake staff twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week for intensive supervision of juvenile offenders.
- (2 ± 2) "Validated risk/needs assessment" means a validated instrument that measures a juvenile's criminal risk factors and specific needs that, if addressed, should reduce the juvenile's likelihood to reoffend.
- (223) "Work program" means a public service work project that employs juvenile offenders at a reasonable wage for the purpose of reimbursing victims of the juvenile offender's delinquent behavior.
- SECTION 2. That Section 20-532, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 20-532. TERM OF COMMITMENT -- REVIEW AFTER COMMITMENT. (1) A juvenile offender committed to a secure facility shall remain until the juvenile offender:

- (a) Rreaches nineteen (19) years of ager;
- (b) $\underline{I} \pm s$ retained for extended custody pursuant to section 20-520(1)(s), Idaho Code,; or
- (c) Iis released or discharged.

- (2) A juvenile offender committed to a secure facility shall appear before the department within ninety (90) days after commitment for review of treatment plans. Additionally, the juvenile offender shall appear before the custody review board prior to eighteen (18) consecutive months in custody, and every six (6) months thereafter, to review his continued custody with the department.
- SECTION 3. That Section 39-1202, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 39-1202. DEFINITIONS. For the purposes of this chapter:
 - (1) "Board" means the Idaho board of health and welfare.
- (2) "Child care" means that care, control, supervision or maintenance of children for twenty-four (24) hours a day which is provided as an alternative to parental care.
- (3) "Child" means an individual less than eighteen (18) years of age who is not enrolled in an institution of higher education.
- (4) "Children's agency" means a person who operates a business for the placement of children in foster homes or for adoption in a permanent home and who does not provide child care as part of that business. Children's agency does not include a licensed attorney or physician assisting or providing natural and adoptive parents with legal services or medical services necessary to initiate and complete adoptive placements.
- (5) "Children's camp" means a program of child care at a location away from the child's home which that is primarily recreational and includes the overnight accommodation of the child and is not intended to provide treatment, therapy or rehabilitation for the child.
- (6) "Children's institution" means a person who operates a residential facility for children not related to that person if that person is an individual, for the purpose of providing child care. Children's institutions include, but are not limited to, foster homes, maternity homes, children's therapeutic outdoor programs, or any facilities providing treatment, therapy or rehabilitation for children. Children's institutions do not include: (a) facilities which that provide only daycare as defined in chapter 11, title 39, Idaho Code; (b) facilities and agencies including hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, and intermediate care facilities for people with intellectual disabilities licensed pursuant to chapter 13, title 39, Idaho Code; (c) day schools; (d) individuals acting in an advisory capacity, counseling a child in a religious context, and providing no child care associated with the advice; or (e) the occasional or irregular care of a neighbor's, relative's or friend's child or children by a person not ordinarily engaged in child care.
- (7) "Children's residential care facility" means a children's institution, excluding:
 - (a) Foster homes;
 - (b) Residential schools;
 - (c) Children's camps.

No facility expressly excluded from the definition of a children's institution is included within the definition of a children's residential care facility.

- (8) "Children's therapeutic outdoor program" is a program which is designed to provide behavioral, substance abuse, or mental health services to minors in an outdoor setting. This does not include children's camps, church camps, or other outdoor programs primarily designed to be educational or recreational, such as Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, 4-H or sports camps.
- (9) "Continued care" means the ongoing placement of an individual in a foster home, children's residential care facility, or transitional living placement who reaches the age of eighteen (18) years but is less than twentyone (21) years of age.
- (10) "Day school" means a public, private, parochial or secular facility offering an educational program in which the children leave the facility each day at the conclusion of the academic, vocational or school_supervised activities.
 - (11) "Department" means the state department of health and welfare.
- (12) "Director" means the director of the department of health and welfare.
- (13) "Foster care" means child care by a person not related to the child, in lieu of parental care, in a foster home.
- (14) "Foster home" means a home $\frac{\text{which}}{\text{that}}$ accepts, for any period of time, with or without compensation, one (1) or more children who are not related to the foster parent as members of the household for the purpose of providing substitute parental care.
- (15) "Group care" means foster care of a number of children for whom child care in a family setting is not available or appropriate, in a dormitory or cottage type setting, characterized by activities and discipline of a more regimented and less formal nature than found in a family setting.
- (16) "Juvenile detention" is as defined in section 20-502(78), Idaho Code, of the juvenile corrections act.
- (17) "Juvenile detention center" means a facility established pursuant to sections 20-517 and 20-518, Idaho Code.
- (18) "Person" includes any individual, group of individuals, association, partnership, limited liability company or corporation.
- (19) "Placement" means finding a suitable licensed foster home or suitable adoptive home for a child and completing the arrangements for a child to be accepted into and adjusted to such home.
- (20) "Relative" means a child's grandparent, great grandparent, aunt, great aunt, uncle, great uncle, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, first cousin, sibling and half-sibling.
- (21) "Representative" means an employee of the state department of health and welfare.
- (22) "Residential facility" means any facility where child care is provided, as defined in this section, and $\frac{1}{2}$ provides day and night accommodation.
- (23) "Residential school" means a residential facility for children $\frac{1}{2}$ which that:

- (a) Provides a planned, scheduled, regular, academic or vocational school program for students in the elementary, middle or secondary grades as defined in section 33-1001, Idaho Code; and
- (b) Provides services substantially comparable to those provided in nonresidential public schools where the primary purpose is the education and academic pursuits of the students; and
- (c) Does not seek, receive or enroll students for treatment of such special needs as substance abuse, mental illness, emotional disturbance, developmental disability or intellectual disability; and
- (d) Is not:

- (i) A college or university; or
- (ii) A children's camp as defined in this section; or
- (iii) A public or private day school in which the children leave the facility each day at the conclusion of the academic, vocational and school-supervised activities.
- (24) "Transitional living" means living arrangements and aftercare services for children, or as continued care, to gain experience living on their own in a supportive and supervised environment prior to emancipation.
- SECTION 4. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2022.